

# Material Safety Data Sheet

### Propane

### **SECTION 01**

## Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name : Propane

**Supplier** : EspriGas

500 Northridge Road Suite 200

Atlanta, GA 30350

Product Use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym : n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas;

Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108;

Hydrocarbon propellant.

MSDS # : 001045

Date of Prep/ Revision : 8/19/2013.

**In Case of Emergency** : 1-800-720-1563

### **SECTION 02**

### Hazards Identification

Physical State : Gas. [COLORLESS LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GAS; ODORLESS BUT

MAY HAVE SKUNK ODOR ADDED.]

Emergency Overview : GAS:

OXIDIZER.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESURE.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed.





### Hazards Identification (Cont.)

**Target Organs** : May cause damage to the following organs: the nervous system,

heart, central nervous system (CNS).

Routes of Entry : Inhalation

Potential Acute Health Effects

Eyes : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Skin : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Inhalation** : Acts as a simple asphyxiant.

**Ingestion**: Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic Effects : May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Target Organs : May cause damage to the following organs: the nervous system,

heart, central nervous system (CNS).

Medical Conditions Aggravated by

Overexposure

Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this

MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 03**

## Composition, Information on Ingredients

Name : Propane

**CAS Number** : 74-98-6

% **Volume** : 100

**Exposure Limits** : ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s).TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).



### First Aid Measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye Contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with

plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin Contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least

15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention immediately.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular

or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.





### Fire-Fighting Measures

Flammability of the Product : Flammable.

**Auto-ignition Temperature** : 450°C (842°F).

Flash Point : Closed cup: -104°C (-155.2°F). Open cup: -104°C (-155.2°F).

Flammable limits : Lower: 2.1% Upper: 9.5%

**Products of Combustion** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide

Fire Hazards in the Presence of Various Substances : Extremely flammable in the presence of the

following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and

oxidizing materials.

Fire-fighting Media and Instructions : In case of fire, use water

spray (fog), foam or dry chemical. In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Special Protective Equipment for Fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate

protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

Personal Precautions : Immediately contact emergency personnel.

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely.

Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Environmental Precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff

and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

sewers.

**Methods for Cleaning Up** : Immediately contact emergency personnel.

Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact

information and section 13 for waste

disposal.



### Handling and Storage

**Handling** : High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment

rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never allow any unprotected part of the body to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels that contain cryogenic liquids. Prevent entrapment of liquid in closed systems or piping without pressure relief devices. Some materials may become brittle at low

temperatures and will easily fracture.

**Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). For additional information concerning storage and handling refer to Compressed Gas Association pamphlets P-1 Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers and P12 Safe Handling of Cryogenic Liquids

available from the Compressed Gas Association, Inc.

#### SECTION 08

### Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures,

local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep

worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any

recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Personal Protection**

Eyes : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a

risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid

splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an

approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards

of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93





## Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (Cont.)

**Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard

should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary.

Insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures.

Personal Protection in case of a Large Spill : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

should be used to avoid inhalation of the

product.

Product Name : Propane

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

### **SECTION 09**

### Physical and Chemical Properties

Molecular Weight : 44.11 g/mole

Molecular Formula : C3-H8

**Boiling/condensation point** : -42°C (-43.6°F)

Melting/Freezing Point : -189.7°C (-309.5°F)

Critical Temperature : 96.6°C (205.9°F)

Vapor Pressure : 109 (psig)

Vapor Density : 1.6 (Air = 1)

Specific Volume (ft<sup>3</sup> /lb) : 8.6206

Gas Density ( $lb/ft^3$ ) : : 0.116



### Stability and Reactivity

**Stability and Reactivity** : The product is stable.

**Incompatibility with** : Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

Various Substances oxidizing materials, reducing materials and combustible

materials.

Hazardous decomposition

**Products** 

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

polymerization will not occur.

#### **SECTION 11**

### Toxicological Information

**Toxicity Data** 

Product/Ingredient Name : Propane

Results, Species, Dose, Esposure : LC50 Inhalation Gas, Rat, >800000 ppm, 15-minutes

**IDLH** : 2100 ppm

Chronic Effects on Humans : May cause damage to the following organs: the nervous system,

heart, central nervous system (CNS).

Other toxic effects on humans : No specific information is available in our database

regarding the other toxic effects of this material to

humans.

**Specific Effects** 

Carcinogenic Effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenic Effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproduction Toxicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



# **Ecological Information**

Aquatic Ecotoxicity : Not Available

**Products of Degradation**: Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO2) and water.

**Environmental Fate** : Not Available

**Environmental Hazards** : This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.

**Toxicity to the Environment** : Not Available

#### **SECTION 13**

## Disposal Considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation. Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.



# Transport Information

Regulatory Info	UN#	Proper Shipping Name	Class	Packing Group	Label	Additional Info
DOT Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		Limited quantity: Yes.  Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg  Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg  Special provisions 19, T50
TDG Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index: 0.125  ERAP Index: 3000  Passenger Carrying Ship Index: 65  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index: Forbidden  Special provision 29, 42
Mexico Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	RAME CALL	-

<sup>&</sup>quot;REFER TO CFR 49 (OR AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION) TO DETERMINE THE INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR SHIPMENT OF THE PRODUCT."





# Regulatory Fnformation

#### **United States**

U.S. Federal Regulations : TSCA 8(a) IUR: This material is listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or

exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances:

No products were found.

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification:

No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Propane SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory -

hazard identification: Propane: Fire hazard, Sudden release of

pressure, Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention - Flammable

Substances: Propane

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Propane

#### State Regulations

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.

Florida substances: This material is not listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This

material is not listed.

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed. Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed. Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.

Massachusetts Substances: This material is not listed. Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is

not listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is

not listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. California Prop 65: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other

reproductive harm.





## Regulatory Fnformation (Cont.)

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

**CEPA Toxic substances:** This material is not listed.

Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.

Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

### **SECTION 16**

### Other Information

**United States** 

Label Requirements : FLAMMABLE GAS.

MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Canada

**Label Requirements** : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.



## Other Information (Cont.)

# Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



# National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



### Notice to Reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.