

Material Safety Data Sheet

Nitrous Oxide

SECTION 01

Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name : Nitrous Oxide

Supplier : EspriGas

500 Northridge Road Suite 120

Atlanta, GA 30350

Product Use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym : Nitrogen oxide (N2O); Dinitrogen monoxide; Dinitrogen oxide;

Laughing gas; N2O; Factitious air; Hyponitrous acid anhydride;

Nitrogen oxide; UN 1070; UN 2201; Nitrogen Monoxide; Nitral; Diazyne

1-oxide; NITROUS OXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID

MSDS # : 001042

Date of Prep/ Revision : 4/1/2013.

In Case of Emergency : 1-800-720-1563

SECTION 02

Hazards Identification

Physical State : Gas. [COLORLESS LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GAS. ODORLESS OR

WITH A MILD SWEET ODOR. [INHALATION ANESTHETIC] [NOTE:

SHIPPED AS A LIQUIFIED COMPRESSED GAS]]

Emergency Overview : GAS:

OXIDIZER.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESURE.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Can cause rapid suffocation. May cause severe frostbite.





Hazards Identification (Cont.)

Emergency Overview : LIQUID:

OXIDIZER.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure.

Can cause rapid suffocation. May cause severe frostbite.

Do not puncture or incinerate container. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Store in tightly-closed container.

Avoid contact with combustible materials.

Target Organs : May cause damage to the following organs: the reproductive system,

upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).

Routes of Entry : Inhalation

Potential Acute Health Effects

Eyes : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Contact with cryogenic liquid can cause frostbite and cryogenic burns.

Skin : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Contact with cryogenic liquid can cause frostbite and cryogenic burns.

Inhalation : Acts as a simple asphyxiant.

Ingestion: Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases. Contact with

cryogenic liquid can cause frostbite and cryogenic burns.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic Effects : May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Target Organs : May cause damage to the following organs: the reproductive system,

upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).

Medical Conditions
Aggravated by

Overexposure

Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure

to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)



Composition, Information on Ingredients

Name : Nitrous Oxide

CAS Number : 10024-97-2

% **Volume** : 100

Exposure Limits : ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008).

TWA: 90 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008).

TWA: 46 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hour(s)

SECTION 04

First Aid Measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye Contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with

plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least

15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention immediately.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular

or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.





Fire-Fighting Measures

Flammability of the Product : Non-flammable.

Products of Combustion : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

nitrogen oxides

Fire Hazards in the Presence of Various Substances : Extremely flammable in the presence of the

following materials or conditions: reducing materials and combustible materials.

Fire-fighting Media and Instructions : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the

surrounding fire. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. Contains gas under pressure. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst or explode.

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate

protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

SECTION 06

Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary

personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until

gas has dispersed.

Environmental Precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Methods for Cleaning Up : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without

risk. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and

section 13 for waste disposal.



Handling and Storage

Handling : High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment

rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never allow any unprotected part of the body to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels that contain cryogenic liquids. Prevent entrapment of liquid in closed systems or piping without pressure relief devices. Some materials may become brittle at low

temperatures and will easily fracture.

Storage : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). For additional information concerning storage and handling refer to Compressed Gas Association pamphlets P-1 Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers and P12 Safe Handling of Cryogenic Liquids

available from the Compressed Gas Association, Inc.

SECTION 08

Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures,

local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep

worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any

recommended or statutory limits.

Personal Protection

Eyes : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a

risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid

splashes, mists or dusts.

When working with cryogenic liquids, wear a full face shield.

Skin : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an

approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards

of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.



Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (Cont.)

Hands : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard

should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary.

Insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures.

Personal Protection in case of a Large Spill : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

should be used to avoid inhalation of the

product.

Product Name : Dinitrogen Oxide

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008).

TWA: 90 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008).

TWA: 46 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hour(s)

SECTION 09

Physical and Chemical Properties

Molecular Weight : 44.02 g/mole

Molecular Formula : N2-O

Boiling/condensation point : -88°C (-126.4°F)

Melting/Freezing Point : -91°C (-131.8°F)

Critical Temperature : 36.6°C (97.9°F)

Vapor Pressure : 745 (psig)

Vapor Density : 1.53 (Air = 1)

Liquid Density@BP: 76.8 lb/ft3 (1230 kg/m3)

Specific Volume (ft³ /lb) : 8.6957

Gas Density (lb/ft³) : 0.115





Stability and Reactivity

Stability and Reactivity : The product is stable.

Incompatibility with : Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

Various Substances oxidizing materials, reducing materials and combustible

materials.

Hazardous decomposition

Products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11

Toxicological Information

Toxicity Data

animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC.

May cause damage to the following organs: the reproductive system,

upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).

Specific Effects

Carcinogenic Effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenic Effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12

Ecological Information

Aquatic Ecotoxicity : Not Available

Environmental Fate : Not Available

Environmental Hazards : This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.

Toxicity to the Environment : Not Available





Disposal Considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation. Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc. Do not dispose of locally.

SECTION 14

Transport Information

Regulatory Info	UN#	Proper Shipping Name	Class	Packing Group	Label	Additional Info
DOT Classification	UN1070	NITROUS OXIDE NITROUS OXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2.2	Not applicable (gas).		Limited quantity: Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg
TDG Classification	UN1070 UN2201	NITROUS OXIDE NITROUS OXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2.2	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index: 0 ERAP Index: 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index: 450 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index: 75
Mexico Classification	UN1070 UN2201	NITROUS OXIDE NITROUS OXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2.2	Not applicable (gas).	0	-

[&]quot;REFER TO CFR 49 (OR AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION) TO DETERMINE THE INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR SHIPMENT OF THE PRODUCT."







Regulatory Fnformation

United States

U.S. Federal Regulations : TSCA 8(a) IUR: This material is listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or

exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances:

No products were found.

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification:

No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Dinitrogen Oxide

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory -

hazard identification: dinitrogen oxide: Fire hazard, Sudden release of

pressure, Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

State Regulations : Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.

Florida substances: This material is not listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This

material is not listed.

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed. Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed. Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.

Massachusetts Substances: This material is not listed. Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is

not listed.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{New York Acutely Hazardous Substances:} This material is not listed. \\ \end{tabular}$

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is

not listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. California Prop 65: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other

reproductive harm.





Regulatory Fnformation (Cont.)

United States

Ingredient name, Cancer, Reproductive, No Significant Risk Level, Maximum Acceptable Dosage Level No, Yes, No No

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.

Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

SECTION 16

Other Information

United States

Label Requirements : GAS:

OXIDIZER.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESURE.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Can cause rapid suffocation. May cause severe frostbite.

LIQUID:

OXIDIZER.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure.

Can cause rapid suffocation. May cause severe frostbite.

Canada

Label Requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

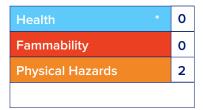
Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).



Other Information (Cont.)

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Liquid:



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Flammability Flammability Flammability Health O Instability Health Special Special



Notice to Reader

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